

THE LARGEST NAVAL, AIR AND LAND OPERATION IN HISTORY

In association with

The Normandy Memorial Trust, The Royal Naval Association, ABF The Soldiers Charity, RAF Benevolent Fund & The Merchant Navy Association

Contents

PAGE 3

Message from the UK Prime Minister

PAGES 4 & 5

Introduction

PAGE &

Women who played key roles during D-Day

PAGE

Message from the Lord Mayor of Portsmouth

PAGE 8

Country Women Countrywide 'dig up' the Nation's favourite

PAGE 9

National Federation of Fish Friers

PAGE 1

D-Day 80 on Hadrians's Wall

DAGE 11

Bonfire Beacon

PAGE 1

Bishops Frome Strawman

PAGE 13

Beacon Brazier

PAGES 14 & 15

Gas-Fuelled Beacons

PAGE 14

The International Tribute

PAGE 1

How to take part

PAGE 18

Legal Essentials and Safety

PAGE 10

Messages from the five Charities

PAGE 2

Acknowledgements

British troops landing on Gold Beach © Imperial War Museum.







THE PRIME MINISTER

I am honoured to support the 80th anniversary celebrations to commemorate D-Day.

D-Day on 6 June 1944 was the largest Naval, Air and land Operation in history, involving many hundreds of thousands of brave men who had to leave their families at home, not knowing if they would ever return home, a feat we hope will never have to take place again.

The heroism of those who landed on the shores of the Normandy beaches, represented a beacon of light for the world during a particularly dark period of war. It is therefore fitting that local communities throughout the United Kingdom, Channel Islands, Isle of Man, UK Overseas Territories and those along the shorelines of Utah, Omaha, Gold, Juno and Sword beaches in Normandy, France, should light Beacons on 6 June 2024, in 'tribute' to the light of peace that they brought out from the misery of darkness during that dreadful campaign, of which many unfortunately did not return.

I am therefore delighted to support this initiative and I urge communities across the country to support this event. I would like to pay particular tribute to Pageantmaster, Bruno Peck for his tremendous efforts in leading these historic celebrations. It also gives me great pleasure in congratulating The Royal Naval Association, The Merchant Navy Association, The Royal Airforce Benevolent Fund and ABF The Soldiers Charity for their remarkable efforts in supporting our service personnel, along with their families.

As we look forward to the future, I believe we should take strength from the shared hardship of our experience during World War II. That future is why so many of our service men gave their lives – and protecting the peace they fought for is the greatest way we can honour those who fell.

Introduction

Bruno Peek CVO OBE OPR, Pageantmaster

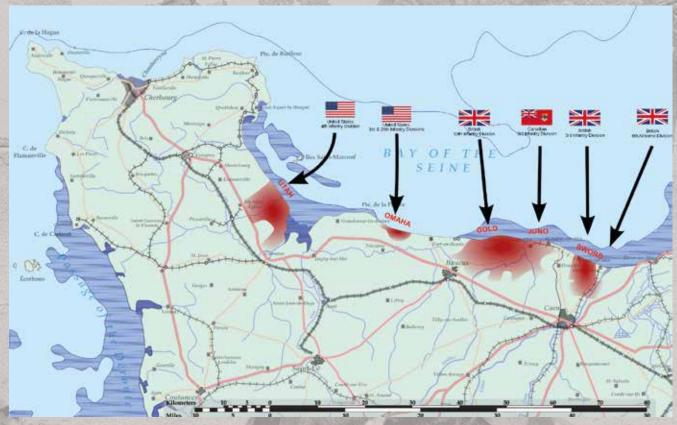


The 6th June 2024 marks the 80th anniversary of D-Day, when Allied forces mounted the largest amphibious invasion the world has ever witnessed. In 1944 Operation Overlord saw over 5,000 ships and landing craft set down more than 130,000 troops on five Normandy beaches in an action that would bring about the liberation of north-west Europe from Nazi occupation.

The bravery and sacrifice of those people in securing the peace and freedom we enjoy today will be observed by the lighting of beacons around the United Kingdom, Channel Islands, Isle of Man and UK Overseas Territories. I hope your community will join us.

We are asking villages, towns, cities and organisations of all sizes to mark the 80th anniversary of D-Day by lighting a beacon at 9.45pm on 6th June 2024, followed by an event to commemorate one of the most momentous achievements in living memory. Your event could be devoted to raising valuable funds for The Royal Naval Association, ABF The Soldiers' Charity, The Royal Air Force Benevolent Fund and The Merchant Navy Association. You will find details of how to participate on pages 8 to 18 of this guide.

It is our country's opportunity to remember the 210,000 Allied casualties of Operation Overlord. This includes nearly 37,000 ground forces and 16,000 air forces killed in the invasion of Normandy's Utah, Omaha, Gold, Juno and Sword beaches, and the long and bloody campaign that followed. We plan to light beacons on all five beaches to remember those who died or came home wounded.



Air plan for landings in Normandy June 1944. Background photo: British troops landing on Sword Beach. © Robert Hunt Library/Mary Evans Picture Library.

The statistics behind the successful operation, which eventually convinced the Nazi high command that their defeat was inevitable, are both shocking and awe inspiring. German defence forces were drawn away from Normandy by distraction tactics as resources were secretly built up on the English coast.

Nine million tonnes of supplies and equipment were shipped across the Atlantic and 1.4 million American servicemen arrived to

join a substantial contingent of Canadian forces. By 1944 over two million troops from 12 countries were in Britain preparing for the invasion. On D-Day, American, British and Canadian troops were augmented by personnel from Australia, Belgium, Czechoslovakia, the Netherlands, France, Greece, New Zealand, Norway, Rhodesia and Poland. Soon after midnight on 6th June, more than 180,000 Allied paratroopers were dropped into the invasion area, and Allied air crews flew over 14,000 sorties to support the landings.

Operation Neptune, the naval phase of the campaign, saw nearly 7,000 vessels, including battleships, destroyers, minesweepers and assault craft, escorting and landing the ground troops on the beaches and bombarding German coastal defences.





Company Sergeant Major Stanley Hollis VC.
© Imperial War Museum.

There were approximately 156,000 Allied troops that landed in Normandy by sea and air on D-Day, of whom around 130,000 landed on the beaches, so you might be surprised to learn that despite the extraordinary courage displayed by so many on 6th June 1944, just one Victoria Cross was awarded. It went to Company Sergeant Major Stanley Hollis of the 6th Battalion, The Green Howards, who landed on Gold Beach. Durina an intense day of fighting, Stan Hollis took two enemy pillboxes and a field gun and crew, capturing 30 Germans single-handedly. The citation for the Yorkshireman's VC, presented by King George VI, says: "It was largely

Cap badge of the Yorkshire Regiment.

through his heroism and resource that the Company's objectives were gained and casualties were not heavier, and by his own bravery he saved the lives of many of his men."

Already battle-hardened at the age of 31, Stan should have been one of the most famous soldiers of WW2 but was a naturally modest man and after the war worked in a number of trades before becoming a publican.

His earliest job, however, was working in his father's fish and chip shop in Robin Hood's Bay. Fittingly, fish and chips will play a major part in the



D-Day 80 commemorations. They were never rationed during the war and the words were even used as code by British paratroopers dropped behind enemy lines to identify friendly soldiers nearby – one calling out 'fish' and hopefully getting the reply 'chips'.

Thanks to the generous support and involvement of the National Federation of Fish Friers, thousands of fish and chip shops around the United Kingdom will take part in the day's activities. Schools, pubs, hotels and restaurants etc, are also encouraged to get involved by serving up this great British tradition in tribute to those who gave so much, and to raise valuable funds for the four charities involved.

The International 80th Anniversary D-Day Beacon will be lit in

Normandy at **8.15pm** (British Summer Time), at the British Normandy Memorial overlooking Gold Beach, with the other Beacons located on Utah, Omaha, Juno and Sword beaches being lit at **8.30pm** BST, followed by the Principal United Kingdom, Channel Islands and Isle of Man Beacon at Portsmouth, England at **9.15pm** BST. As the Beacons are lit, we



would ask all communities in France and the UK to stop what they are doing and undertake **The International Tribute**, using the wording found on **page 16**. This could be undertaken by your Lord Mayor, Mayor, High Steward, Town and Parish Clerk, Town Crier, Pub Landlord or even a young person from one of your local youth organisations etc, paying their tribute to those who gave so much to enable us to enjoy the many years of peace and freedom we have enjoyed since the Second World War.

D-Day was a monumental campaign to rid Europe of Nazi horror, and the 80th anniversary of this remarkable operation deserves the recognition and gratitude of our country. Please join us on 6th June 2024 to commemorate the sacrifices made by so many in our name.



Bruno Peek
Bruno Peek CVO OBE OPR
Pageantmaster
D-Day 80 Anniversary 6 June 2024
www.d-day80beacons.co.uk



Women who played key roles during D-Day

Women played key roles in D-Day, the Allied assault on Nazi-held France that is the largest amphibious invasion in history.

People tend to think women were just secretarial couriers and messengers. No, there were female special forces agents on the ground and working to keep the Allies from being blown back into the water.



Sister Mollie Evershed.

Among those who lost their lives during D-Day and the Battle of Normandy are two women, both nurses, 27-year-old **Sister Mollie Evershed** and **Sister Dorothy Anyta Field**, 32.

Sister Evershed was on a Hospital Carrier ship, the Amsterdam, treating casualties from Juno Beach when the ship hit a mine.

As it sank, she and another nurse went below decks and carried 75

men to safety, helping them into a waiting lifeboat. But she and her fellow nurse went down with the ship.

She was posthumously mentioned in dispatches and awarded the King's Commendation for Brave Conduct.



Sister Dorothy Anyta Field.

In addition to the men who took part in that invasion, many women — including Women Airforce Service Pilots — also risked their lives on June 6, 1944. Women also played pivotal roles in war efforts throughout history, assuming the roles of nurses, spies, code breakers, journalists and so much more.



Lise de Baissac.

37-year-old **Lise de Baissac**, the daughter of a wealthy family in British-ruled Mauritius, was in France when Hitler's troops moved into Paris in 1940. She fled to the south and then to London. When the SOE started recruiting multilingual women as agents, she joined the fight.

After parachuting into Central France, de Baissac set up an Allied safe house for agents in the town of Poitiers in western France, selecting an apartment near Gestapo headquarters - a hiding-in-plain-sight strategy

she felt would arouse less suspicion.

She bicycled around occupied territory as a liaison among different underground networks, often riding 60-70 kilometres a day and carrying contraband. On one occasion, a Nazi stopped her and her clandestine radio operator, patting them down. The officer searched them for guns, which they didn't have, so he let them go. She'd later report that a radio crystal fell out of her skirt as she was leaving but that she leaned over, grabbed the crystal off the ground, and pedalled on.

In August of 1943, when her network in Poitiers was blown, the SOE airlifted her back to England by Lysander aircraft. She trained new female SOE recruits in Scotland. In April of 1944, after recovering from a broken leg, she jumped back into occupied France. She made her way to Normandy, joining her brother, fellow SOE agent Claude de Baissac, in leading a network of Resistance fighters in Normandy. They carried out attacks to weaken Nazi communication and transportation circuits, strategically cutting phone lines and blowing up roads, railways, and bridges to hinder the movement of German reinforcements Hitler was ordering to the beaches.

On June 5, 1944, de Baissac was in Paris recruiting when she learned D-Day was imminent. She biked for three days, speeding through Nazi formations, sleeping in ditches, and reaching her brother and their Resistance circuit headquarters in Normandy.

As the bloody Normandy campaign raged and the Allies struggled to penetrate the Axis front, the de Baissacs continued leading espionage and sabotage operations. They gathered intelligence on enemy positions and transmitted messages back to England, helping lay the groundwork for Operation Cobra, the Allied breakout in which U.S. Army forces came out of the peninsula and pierced Hitler's front line seven weeks after D-Day.

After the war, she worked for the BBC.

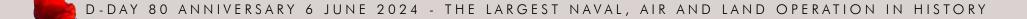


Martha Gellhorn.

Martha Gellhorn was not ready to bow out.

On the night of June 5, 1944, before the ships departed for Normandy, Gellhorn made her way to the waterfront on the pretext of interviewing the nurses aboard a hospital ship. Once on board, she hid herself in the bathroom. Gellhorn knew that if she got caught, she would lose her accreditation

and might even get deported back to America. Still, to witness the great invasion was worth the risk. Gellhorn remained in her hideout for several hours and only emerged when the ship was well on her way to France. Later that night, after the troops had landed and the massacre on the beach was finally over, Gellhorn sneaked ashore with a couple of doctors and medics as a stretcher bearer to collect the wounded. In the chaos of the war, nobody gave a damn that Gellhorn was a woman.



Message from the Lord Mayor of Portsmouth

Councillor Canon Dr Hugh Mason



On behalf of the City of Portsmouth, I am both pleased and honoured that our great city has been chosen as the location for the lighting of the D-Day 80th Commemoration Principal UK Beacon. Portsmouth played a very significant role in the preparations for D-Day and consequently is proud to have been, over many years, the focus of international commemorations of D-Day.

Portsmouth was, indeed, at the very heart of D-Day. The main headquarters of the Supreme Commander, General Eisenhower, was nearby at Southwick House. Thousands of troops camped in the woods north of Portsmouth before they embarked from the city on their way to Normandy, with the people of Portsmouth waving them off. Airspeed built Horsa gliders at their factory at Portsmouth Airport, and Portsmouth Dockyard built many of the ships and landing craft that took part in the landings. Moreover many of the wounded from the D-Day landings and the whole Normandy campaign were treated in our hospitals.

Portsmouth also has had a lengthy association with Normandy, going back over 800 years, and we are proud of our long and close relationship with our twin city of Caen. At the heart of this relationship is the suffering which both cities endured during the Second World War, and the part that both played in the liberation of Europe.

I strongly encourage all the cities, towns and villages throughout the UK, Channel Islands, Isle Man and UK Overseas Territories, to join with Portsmouth City Council and light beacons within their locality and to organise community celebrations around those beacons. It would be good if this occasion could be used to raise valuable funds for Forces and Merchant Navy charities thus continuing to honour and remember the tremendous sacrifice of those whose lives were touched and so often changed by D-Day.



Hugh Mason

Lord Mayor of Portsmouth Councillor Canon Dr Hugh Mason

Country Women Countrywide 'dig up' the Nation's favourite



What a privilege it was when Bruno Peek, Pageantmaster of D-Day 80 invited Country Women Countrywide to design a menu to accompany the national lighting of beacons event for D-Day 80. It was

an added honour that we were also asked to relate our suggestion to the memory of the only serviceman to receive the esteemed Victoria Cross for his heroic actions on 6 June 1944 – D-Day. Our brief required us to create a simple readily accessible menu to include quintessentially British food.

It was clear that some research into the background of this brave, yet modest, soldier would be necessary and we could never have guessed where the information gained would lead us. It would indeed take us to a simple, yet hugely significant, solution.

'Our soldier' Company Sergeant Major (CSM) Stanley Hollis VC had served in The Green Howards throughout WW2. Looking at his background prior to joining the army it was revealed that Stanley had assisted his father in the family's fish and chip shop in Robin Hood's Bay, in Yorkshire. Would this be our first clue? Where to next?

We all took on board this connection and following contact with the President of the Federation of Fish Friers discovered another interesting fact. 'FISH' and 'CHIPS' had played a significant role in ensuring the safety of our troops whilst on foreign soil. When a soldier was aware of others in the vicinity but unaware of whether they were friend or foe he called out 'FISH'. If the response was 'CHIPS' he could be pretty certain that this unseen person was a 'friend'. If no response was received then it would be highly likely that there was a 'foe' nearby and extreme caution was essential.

So, should we be taking the connection with fish and chips more seriously? There was clearly resonance with our soldier, Stanley.

The next fact to emerge was that during both the World Wars fish and chips was considered so key to maintaining the morale of the nation that, unlike meat, cheese, eggs and other sources of protein, fish was never rationed. During WW2, the Government of the day, led of course by Winston Churchill, was committed to safeguarding the accessibility of fish and chips because the nation needed it to maintain spirits. It was Winston Churchill himself that couched the phrase 'The Good Companions' to refer to fish and chips, further highlighting its importance to the nation's morale.

However, whilst the main ingredient – the fish – was not rationed, it was expensive which rendered it out of reach financially for many and it would not have been economically possible to live on fish and chips. Whilst we can accept that the waters around our island would not be the safest place to be during WW2 it was also the case that many fishing boats particularly trawlers were requisitioned, along with their crew, for war service not least during the evacuation of Dunkirk in 1940. This left a smaller fishing fleet often run by the wives of the now serving fishermen; those wives would have in the past been engaged in making and repairing nets and gutting the fish once landed. Now they were fishermen as well. This reduced



Sir Winston Churchill was sure that fish and chips helped keep national morale high and called them our 'qood companions'.

fishing activity and the inevitably limited safe waters in which to fish reduced the catch and had the knock on effect of increasing the price. Even if a family could afford fish and chips it was likely that a single portion would be shared between parents and a number of children. It was even more likely that a portion or two of much cheaper mushy peas would be purchased to stretch the meal further.

And so, our journey has led us to identify, not a menu, but a single dish to link 'our soldier' to the beacon lightings across the land - and clearly that dish must be 'fish and chips' – potentially with the added and equally traditional mushy peas which helped to bulk up a meal for a very hungry population during the times of rationing.

Given that the beginnings of our organisation date back to 1948, under the name of Farm Women's Club, it is fitting that Country Women Countrywide was invited to become involved in this historic event. Some of our older members will have first-hand memories of growing up in the war years, possibly 'digging up spuds' or harvesting peas. For others it would have been their mothers, aunts and grandmothers who were working the land at a time when many of the menfolk were away at war – and possibly did not return.

And now there is a challenge for all of us. Fish and chips has been decided upon in honour of CSM Stanley Hollis VC and brave and decorated though he was, he was just one soldier. There were approximately 156,000 Allied troops that landed in Normandy by sea and air on D-Day, of whom around 130,00 landed on the beaches, so wouldn't it be a fitting tribute if we could honour their bravery by consuming a total of least 156,000 portions of fish and chips (and mushy peas) on 6th June 2024.

Chustie Six

Christine Bish on behalf of Country Women Countrywide

National Federation of Fish Friers

For over 160 years fish and chips have been a firm favourite of the British public providing nourishment for the nation. This was never more important than during the war years where the ingredients were left unrationed to help feed those involved in the war effort and keep the country and our factories working.

The National Federation of Fish Friers is proud to be involved in the commemorations to celebrate the 80th Anniversary of D-Day on 6th June 2024, and we would encourage all fish and chip outlets to get involved to show our appreciation for what those brave souls did to protect our freedom and our thanks for the continued protection provided by our armed forces.

There were approximately 156,000 Allied troops that landed in Normandy by sea and air on D-Day, so we are hoping to sell 156,000 portions of fish and chips (and mushy peas) across the country that day representing a portion for each one involved in the landings. For each portion sold, we ask that £1.00 be equally divided between the four charities involved - The Royal Navy and Merchant Navy Associations, Royal Air Force Benevolent Fund and ABF The Soldiers' Charity.

This will just form part of what promises to be an amazing event and a fantastic opportunity to show the important role our industry has played and why we hold a special place in the heart of the nation.

ml

Andrew Crook
President of the National Federation of Fish Friers

There can be no greater coincidence that during WW2 Winston Churchill couched the term 'Good Companions' for the traditional British dish of fish and chips and the connection with the only recipient of the Victoria Cross on D-Day, CSM Stanley Hollis VC, who had started his working life in his father's fish and chip shop in Robin Hood's Bay.





Bonfire Beacon

Locate the bonfire at least 60m away from buildings, roads, railways and public rights of way, and a safe distance from dangerous materials and overhead power lines. Ensure it has good access for the transportation of materials for the bonfire and sufficient space for spectators to stand upwind.

Obtain the landowner's permission and involvement

Liaise with your local fire brigade and all emergency services in your area, presenting them with your plans, and seek their advice and support.

Prepare site by removing top layer of turf and stack away from fire area. Obtain seven poles, 5-6m in length. Attach four guy ropes to top of one pole and anchor as shown.

Erect remaining poles as shown, ensuring tops are secured in place.

Use either pallets or suitable lengths of timber, spreading them over ground area of beacon for a good through draught. Secure timber horizontally between poles as shown, preventing material placed over the framework from dropping through. Construct access tunnel to the middle of the beacon. Keep middle empty until required. Always construct the bonfire so it collapses inwards as it burns.

4 Use only wood for combustible materials.
Do not burn dangerous items such as foam-filled furniture, old tyres, aerosols or tins of paint. Build upwards until height of centre pole is reached. Materials around top should be loosely packed to allow air flow. Cover bonfire to keep it dry.

Fill centre with suitable, dry combustible materials. Check construction is stable and remove any unsuitable materials that may have been added. Look specifically for fireworks, aerosols, highly inflammable materials or containers with such materials.

Construct a safety barrier out of ropes and stakes or scaffold poles to ensure public is kept at a safe distance from the fire.

In daylight, and for several hours, and up to lighting, check that there are no children or animals, such as hedgehogs etc playing or hiding in or round the bonfire. Arrange for at least 12 marshals to be in attendance, and undertake a sufficient safety briefing before lighting the beacon.

The person looking after the fire should not wear lightweight clothing that could

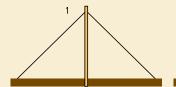
ignite easily. They should wear a substantial outer garment of wool, or other material of low flammability, and stout boots. They should know what to do in the event of a burn injury, or a person's clothing catching fire, and should have a fire blanket ready in the bonfire area along with a number of fire extinguishers.

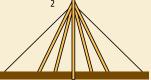
O Lighting: the safest and recommended approach is to use paper and solid firelighters in six places just inside the walls of the beacon to ensure an even burn. Never use flammable liquids such as paraffin or petrol to get it going as this can result in uncontrolled spread of fire or explosion.

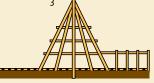
To light the beacon: from poles 2m in length, prepare hand torches for lighting with paraffin-soaked rags wired around one end. Remember, paraffin is dangerous and great care should be taken. Paraffin can be used as directed, but it is still dangerous and should at all times be treated with areat care for example, always ensure all excess paraffin is drained off rags before use. If spilt on your clothes during the preparation of your beacon lighting you should replace those items of clothing before approaching any naked flames. In particular, always remember to replace the lid on any container of unused paraffin and store it in a safe place away from naked flames. Do not use an accelerant on the fire itself.



Bonfire Beacon, Shipston-on-Stour, Warwickshire, England. In memory of Fred Gardner and Sid Peachey, Photograph by Rob Hadley





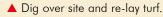








▲ After the event, extinguish fire and collect remaining debris. ▲ Dig over site and re-lay turf. ▲ Leave site clean and tidy.



Your D-Day 80 Bishops Frome Strawman

Ideal for Farms, Stately Homes and Country Landowners

How to Build your Strawman Beacon

This type of Beacon is ideal for farms, stately homes and our country landowners, using it a as fun aspect to celebrate/commemorate and pay tribute to the many that gave their lives unconditionally. It could be a public event or just for family, friends and those that work so hard on the land but in a similar way during WII to keep the Nation fed during those difficult times when many of the men of the land were out defending our country overseas, never to return.

Obtain the landowners's permission and involvement then ensure you locate your Bishops Frome Strawman at least 60m away from buildings, roads, railways and public rights of way, and a safe distance from dangerous materials and overhead power lines. Ensure it has good access for the transportation of materials for the bonfire and sufficient space for spectators to stand upwind.

Liaise with your local fire brigade and all emergency services in your area, presenting them with your plans, and seek their advice and support. In the event of dry weather, high winds and a heightened wildfire risk on the day of the event, please carefully consider scaling back initial plans where appropriate.

Prepare site by removing top layer of turf and stack away from fire area.

2 Use only wood and straw for combustible materials and wrap steel banding around them all to hold the bales together

while burning to stop them from falling away. Please dispose of the bands responsibly after the event.

3 Construct a safety barrier out of ropes and stakes or scaffold poles to ensure public is kept at a safe distance from the fire.

In daylight, and for several hours, and up to lighting, check that there are no children or animals playing or hiding in or round the Strawman. Arrange for at least 12 marshals to be in attendance, and undertake a sufficient safety briefing before lighting the Strawman.

The person looking after the fire should not wear lightweight clothing that could ignite easily. They should wear a substantial outer garment of wool, or other material of low flammability, and stout boots. They should know what to do in the event of a burn injury, or a person's clothing catching fire, and should have a fire blanket ready in the Strawman area along with a number of fire extinguishers.

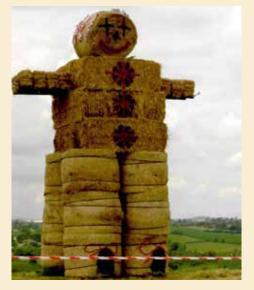
Lighting: the safest and recommended approach is to use paper and solid firelighters in six places just inside the walls of the Bishops Frome Strawman to ensure an even burn. Never use flammable liquids such as paraffin or petrol to get it going as this can result in uncontrolled spread of fire or explosion.

7 To light the Strawman: from poles 2m in length, prepare hand torches for lighting with paraffin-soaked rags wired around one

end. Remember, paraffin is dangerous and great care should be taken. Paraffin can be used as directed, but it is still dangerous and should at all times be treated with great care - for example, always ensure all excess paraffin is drained off rags before use. If spilt on your clothes during the preparation of your Strawman lighting you should replace those items of clothing before approaching any naked flames. In particular, always remember to replace the lid on any container of unused paraffin and store it in a safe place away from naked flames. Do not use an accelerant on the fire itself.



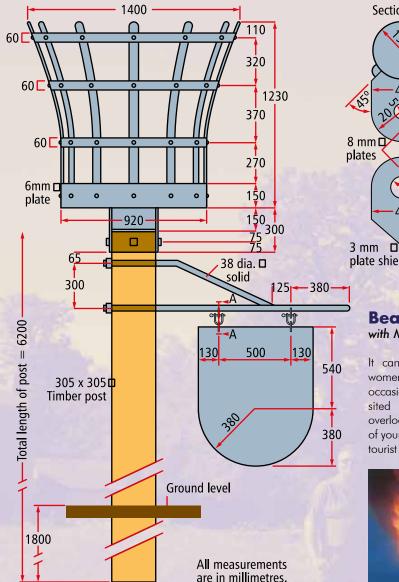


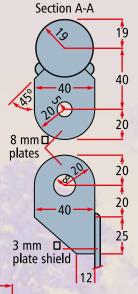




D-DAY 80 ANNIVERSARY 6 JUNE 2024 - THE LARGEST NAVAL, AIR AND LAND OPERATION IN HISTORY

Beacon Brazier





Beacon Brazier with Metal Shield

It can be built by local craftsmen and women, and may be used for future historic occasions in your community. It could be sited in a country park, on a hilltop overlooking the sea or a lake, in the centre of your town or village, and could become a tourist attraction for your area.





Materials Required for Beacon Construction

Wooden centre post consisting of 305mm x 305mm wooden post, 6.25 metres in length of which 2 metres goes into the ground.

Basket and fixing brackets consisting of:

- 1 x 920mm diameter steel plate.
- 1 x 4,178mm long 60mm x 5mm steel flat bar rolled into 1,330mm diameter ring.
- 1 x 3,455mm long 60mm x 5mm steel flat bar rolled into 1,100mm diameter ring.
- 1 x 2,985mm long 60mm x 5mm steel flat bar rolled into 950mm diameter ring.
- 1 x 2,922mm long 150mm x 5mm steel flat bar rolled into 930mm diameter ring.
- 12 x (approx 1,250mm long) 60mm x 5mm vertical bars (rolled to shape).
- 1 x 310mm x 310mm x 300mm high connection box welded to base of basket.
- 1 x hanging shield and support: 3.7m length of 38mm diameter solid steel rod.
- 1×920 mm x 760mm steel plate 3mm thick 4×10^{-2} connection brackets 8mm thick (see detailed drawings left).
- 2 x pins and loops.

Gas-Fuelled Beacon

Bullfinch Gas Equipment

The beacon's burner-head is in the shape of a globe, surrounded by a D-Day 80 banner. It is of lightweight construction and comes assembled and complete, with the exception of the gas cylinders, which must be purchased separately. 2 x 19kg full cylinders of propane are recommended to give a full flame for a good three

quarters of an hour. If you wish for less than this then one 19kg cylinder or 2 x 13kg cylinders should be sufficient. These should be full or nearly full.

These cylinders can be purchased from good Ip gas (propane and butane) stockists and dealers. Do order early to ensure you can get availability.

The Gas Torch needed to light your beacon safely requires a 400g cylinder of propane with CGA600 fitting - Bullfinch No 1644 or Rothenberger or equivalent. Travis Perkins, Screwfix, Plumb Centres and some DIY stores should have these as stock items, or you can purchase from us.

The D-Day 80 Gas-Fuelled Beacon Package contains:

- Burner unit with D-Day 80 insignia
- 2m high stand
- Ground anchor and rope for fixing the stand to the ground
- 10m hose with the regulator for connecting to the gas
- Gas torch for lighting
- Spanner
- Leak detecting fluid
- Hose assembly and Y manifold to link 2 cylinders
- Lighting and safety instructions

The above items are packed into 2 strong cartons. The tripod describes a circle area of about 1.32m diameter and the beacon has an extended height of about 2.15m.

We have made many different beacons over the years. The flames are very stable in winds and the structures are also

> wind stable. The beacon is supplied with a ground anchor and rope for securing to the ground if this is possible, or we would recommend the use of sandbags. Full instructions are provided for this. The beacon must be supervised by two people at all times when lit and a fire extinguisher must always be available. It is important that supervision should be undertaken by those who are competent and it is essential that a lighting trial takes place before the event to ensure that everyone is fully trained and familiar with the operation.

The price of a gasfuelled D-Day 80 Beacon is £549 plus VAT, including carriage to your door within UK mainland (Highlands and Islands excluded). There will be an extra charge for other areas

Some of the benefits of this style of beacon are that it can be seen for miles once lit, is suitable for all manner of high and low locations, is easily collapsible and once used can be stored away for later use.







To order your beacon please contact: Bullfinch Gas Equipment, Kings Road, Tyseley, Birmingham, B11 2AJ.

Tel: 0121 765 2000 Fax: 0121 707 0995

Email: sales@bullfinch-gas.co.uk Web: www.bullfinch-gas.co.uk

Payment by cheque, BACS transfer, or Credit/Debit Card.

Please order by 30th April 2024 to guarantee delivery by 26th May. However please enquire after this date for availability.

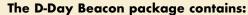


Photograph: Andrew Williams - Bullfinch Gas Equipment.

Gas-Fuelled Beacon

21CC Group Ltd

The beacon will come ready for easy assembly, designed with a commemorative top and a special anniversary plaque underside. The beacon will burn for approximately 1 hour using two 13kg standard propane gas cylinders, which are available from most gas stockists and petrol stations around the UK. The gas assembly is easily connected to the burner by a quick release fitting. The beacon is inherently stable; however, we recommend the use of anchors on soft ground or sandbags on hard ground for additional stability. Full set-up instructions are included within the pack and we recommend a trial set-up and lighting before the actual event to familiarise yourself with the set-up and operation. We have included two long-reach lighting sticks so that you can practice lighting the beacon in advance. We would also recommend that a fire extinguisher is available when lighting the beacon and whilst it is burning and that two people are always present.



- Assembly, lighting and safety instructions
- 2m high stand and burner
- 10m hose with the regulator for connecting to the gas
- Two long-reach lighting sticks
- Spanner and leak detection fluid
- Hose and Y splitter manifold to link 2 cylinders
- No additional connections required all you need is in the box

Beacon Price:

The price of our beacon is $\pmb{\pounds} 549 + \text{vat}$, including carriage within the UK mainland. An additional charge may be applied for other areas.

Ordering & Payment

To order your D-Day 80 beacon, please contact 21CC Group Ltd by phone; 0131 331 4509 or email our beacon team on beacons@21ccgroup.com. Additional information can be found on our website at www.21ccgroup.com/beacons. Payment can be made in all the usual ways including BACS, cheque and credit/debit card. Orders received before the 3rd of May 2024 will be delivered by 31st May 2024. All orders received after 3rd of May 2024 will be accepted on a case-by-case basis depending on stock levels available.





The International Tribute

9.15pm - 6th June 2024



When the International 80th Anniversary D-Day Beacon will be lit at **8.15pm** (British Summer time), at the British Normandy Memorial overlooking Gold Beach, with the other Beacons located on Utah, Omaha, Juno and Sword, in Normandy, France, being lit at **8.30pm** BST, followed by the Principal United Kingdom, Channel Island and Isle of Man Beacon at Portsmouth, England at 9.15pm BST, we would ask all communities in France and the UK to stop what they are doing and undertake The International Tribute, using the wording found on this page. This could be undertaken by your Lord Mayor, Mayor, High Steward, Town and Parish Clerk, Town Crier, Pub Landlord or a young person from one of your local youth organisations etc, paying tribute to those who gave so much. In doing so, we commemorate D-Day and give thanks for eighty years of peace and freedom.

The Tribute

Let us remember those who gave their lives at home and abroad during the D-Day landings, whose sacrifice enables us all to enjoy the peace and freedom we have today.

Let us remember those who came home wounded, physically and mentally, and the friends and family who cared for them.

Let us remember those who returned to restore their relationships and rebuild their working lives after years of conflict and turmoil.

Let us remember the families that lost husbands, wives, sons, daughters and sweethearts.

Let us remember the servicemen and women and merchant seafarers of all faiths and nationalities - from all countries - who fought, suffered and died during the D-Day landings and six years of war.

Let us all remember those in the Royal Navy,
Army, Royal Air Force, Merchant Navy, reserved
occupations and our Allies - the brave people
who kept us safe on the home front and abroad
during the difficult time of war.

Let us remember the brave doctors and nurses who cared for the wounded, the men and women who toiled in the fields, the coal mines, the factories and the air raid wardens, police officers, firemen, ambulance drivers and the young people of the Scouts and Guides who all played such a vital role in the war.



How to take part

Step 1: To confirm your involvement and make important communication as easy as possible please register your involvement, providing the information below, direct to **brunopeek@mac.com** as soon as possible please, but **no later than 30th May 2024.**

If your event is a private occasion and NOT open to the public, and you do not want your involvement shown on any public or media listing, it is important that you confirm this when providing information. Your participation will still be noted as part of this historic occasion but NOT made public. However, if your event IS open to the public, your contact details will be shared with the media so that they can contact you direct to arrange any publicity and/or coverage of your event.

Name and Job Title of Contact/Coordinator
Name of Council or Organisation
Postal address including county and postcode
Country - ie England, Wales, Scotland, Northern Ireland,
Channel Islands, Isle of Man, UK Overseas Territory,
Telephone number - landline
Mobile number
Email address
Beacon location

Public event
Private event

Public or private event & legal essentials

Ensure you have undertaken all the legal essentials and safety requirements on **page 18** before lighting your beacon. Alert



the emergency services, including the Fire Brigade, undertake any risk assessments required and ensure everyone involved is happy and familiar with your plans. (This is your responsibility as coordinator). In the event of dry weather, high winds and a heightened wildfire risk on the day of the event, please carefully consider scaling back initial plans where appropriate.

Beacon lighting ceremony - 6th June 2024

Please light your Beacon and undertake the Nation's Tribute using the wording found on page 16 at 9.15pm.

The Beacon lighting ceremony and Nation's Tribute should be undertaken as follows:

Step 2: Invite your Lord Lieutenant, DL, Lord Mayor, Sheriff, High Steward, Lord Provost, Chairman or leader of the Council or another of your choice from within your local community to light your Beacon and undertake the Nation's Tribute at **9.15pm**, using the wording found on **page 16**. Alternatively, you may wish to organise a competition in partnership with your

local media, with the winner having the honour of lighting the beacon and the Nation's Toast.

Step 3: You might consider having professional photographs taken during your event. Immediately after, please send no more than two high quality, copyright-free photographs to **brunopeek@mac.com**, including the name of the photographer, the beacon location, county, country and postcode, along with the name of the council or organisation.

Step 4: If appropriate, use social media channels - Twitter, Facebook etc - to promote your event. On Facebook, post photographs of your beacon lighting ceremony.

Step 5: Publicise your event. We will provide you with a Press Release template which you can localise, providing as much information as you wish regarding your event, but including your contact details. You can send this to your local media to enable them to get in touch with you direct.







Above and background: The Tower of London built by William the Conqueror in the 1080s. Through the centuries, successive monarchs have added to the fortifications.

If you are inviting personal quests to your home it is worth checking with your household insurer that you are covered in the unfortunate circumstances that there should be an accident. If your event includes inviting the public, or it is a third party venue then, where applicable, the following advice should be heeded, to ensure you have a safe and enjoyable event for everyone involved.

Licensing

Generally, all public entertainment has to be licensed by the local authority. The law on this aims to ensure the safety of the public and performers. Local authorities treat each event individually, and what one will allow another will not. Do not be put off by the length of some of the forms - the licensing officer is there to help you.

The licensing officer's job is to advise the local authority's licensing committee on the granting of public entertainment licenses. For small scale events he or she, in effect, makes the decision. Only if your event is contentious will the licensing committee decide to consider the application in detail. Talk to the licensing officer as soon as possible. In Northern Ireland, if you plan to sell alcohol at an event, you will need to apply for an occasional liquor license from the Northern Ireland Court Service.

Insurance

Unfortunately, accidents can happen at even the best organised events. Therefore, you will need to consider and obtain insurance cover for your event, whether you are holding an event on your own premises or someone else's. beacon/bonfire events require specialist public liability cover. If you hire a park or venue or use land owned by a third party for your activity, they are likely to require you to have your own suitable insurance to cover your liability for any injury to the public or damage to other people's land or property.

Legal Essentials and Safety (This is your responsibility)

If hiring equipment for the event, you may need to insure these items; you may also need to consider cover for loss of any financial outlay you incur if the event has to be cancelled for reasons beyond your control, or loss of money, particularly if you are holding a fund-raising event. Therefore, to help you obtain the appropriate insurance, and risk management advice, we are working closely with Unity Insurance Services, which is a specialist insurance broker in the voluntary and non-profit sector.

They have developed a range of bespoke insurance covers specifically for the Beacon/Bonfire events. Unity is owned by a charity and donates all its profits back to charity, so to obtain a guote or for more details or advice on the insurance cover



Unity wou may need, please visit Unity's website or telephone them on 0345 040 7702.

Alternatively, the licensing officer may be able to direct you to a suitable specialist company or broker, but you should not try to source this kind of insurance from a non-specialist.

Emergency Services

Tell your local Fire and Rescue Service and Police Force well in advance about the type of event you are planning, and get in touch with your local community police officer. Ensure that access for emergency services is maintained for your event. Write to the local fire brigade and ambulance service, particularly if you are planning to have a beacon/bonfire, fireworks, or an event that will attract a large crowd. St John's Ambulance and the British Red Cross will provide first aid and sometimes a vehicle. In some areas they are simply happy to receive a donation. In others, expect a fee to be charged.

Food and Drink

Basic food hygiene guidelines should be followed at all times if you are providing food and drink. Caterers must have food hygiene certificates. Advice on this subject can be obtained from your local council environmental officer.

Alcohol

If you want to sell alcohol you will need to secure a licence, From February 2005, licenses are granted by the local authority rather than the Magistrates Court. You should therefore contact your local authority licensing section and seek information from them on how to apply. During 2005 all existing licenses have to be renewed and this will inevitably lead to long lead-in-times. Please apply as early as possible.

Site Clearance

The local authority will arrange for clearance and disposal of litter after your event if it is on public ground (check for possible charges). You can help this process by arranging litter bins or recycling bins around the site, and a crew to clear up throughout the event.

Hiring or Borrowing Equipment

Your local authorities, or local event organisers may be able to help you with contacts for supplies such as marquees, portable toilets, barriers and bunting, or may in some cases have these for you to hire and borrow. You may also need to consider generators, a public address system, and emergency flood lighting. If you need to arrange insurance for your hired equipment. Unity Insurance Services can arrange this for you too.

All Ability Access

Access for people with a disability is very important. Many local authorities run community transport schemes. Talk to them about arranging transport. On greenfield sites, access may be improved by cutting the grass before the event

Legal Essentials and Safety

This aspect of your event is your total responsibility, so please ensure you have undertaken all the necessary risk assessments and respective insurance etc, to reflect this.



Messages from the five Charities

The Normandy Memorial Trust, The Royal Naval Association, ABF The Soldiers Charity, RAF Benevolent Fund & The Merchant Navy Association



The Normandy Memorial Trust was set up in 2015 to realise the ambition of : Normandy Veterans for Britain finally: to have a national memorial in Normandy which brought together the names of all those in British units who: lost their lives in the D-Day landings and the subsequent Battle of Normandy.

The completed memorial was: opened by the then Prince of Wales on 6th June 2021. Inscribed on its walls: and pillars are the names of 22,442 men and women who made the ultimate sacrifice in the name of Western Europe's freedom in the summer of 1944.

happened on the D-Day beaches and : Royal Marines. in the towns and villages of Normandy.

Normandy Memorial and, with us, reflect and give thanks for the sacrifice which it commemorates.

General The Lord Dannatt GCB, CBE, MC, DL Chairman of Trustees, The Normandy Memorial Trust.



: There has been no greater combined air, sea and land operation in the history of warfare than Operation Overlord codename for the invasion of Normandv.

The seaborne element of the invasion Operation Neptune – required 6,833 vessels from great battleships pounding German defences, down to small floating galleys, salvage tugs and landing craft. The naval force was crewed by Frenchmen, Norwegians, Dutch, Poles, Greeks, Americans, but especially Britons and Canadians, who accounted for nearly 80 per cent of all the sailors taking part.

The Royal Marines played a vital part too. Of the hundreds of landing craft Few events in European history can: sent against the beaches of Normandy, match the significance of what it wo out of every three were crewed by

With ever diminishing numbers of I hope you will visit the British: Naval veterans who survived this great victory, it is vital that we pay tribute to those who died on this great endeavour, are no longer with us or are not well enough to attend in person.

> Vice Admiral (Retd) **Duncan L Potts CB** National President, : Royal Naval Association.



: The D-Day landings in June 1944 paved the way for the liberation of North-West Europe and, ultimately, victory in the Second World War. To this day, our charity remembers - and will always remember - the courage and sacrifice of those Allied soldiers who took part in what was the largest amphibious operation in the history of warfare. Our charity was established during the same year as the D-Day landings, with HM King George VI as Patron, to ensure support would be available for soldiers, veterans and their families in peacetime - and our founding purpose remains the same to this day. Thank you to everybody who participates in this important national campaian to remember the greatest amphibious operation in history, and the beginning of the end of the Second World War.

General Sir James Everard KCB CBE President, : ABF The Soldiers' Charity.



On behalf of the RAF Benevolent: Fund, I am proud to support the D-Day 80 Commemoration event. On D-Day over 11,590 Allied aircraft of all types were involved, 5,656 of these were Royal Air Force. What is often forgotten is that over 1,800 RAF personnel and 456 vehicles landed on the beaches and by 9 June, this had increased to over 3,500 RAF personnel and 815 vehicles in Normandy, : working on airfield construction, aircraft servicing and forward: controlling. As the accounts of the men and women of that fateful time drift further into the past, we must continue to share their stories with our future generations and ensure that their sacrifices for our country are never forgotten.

The men of the Merchant Navy and the merchant fleets of the other allied countries were a major part of the seaborne force. Merchant ships were among the first vessels to arrive off the beaches on D-Day. Their crew were civilians without the support of military discipline and training, yet they faced the dangers and did not waver. Never was there a lack of willing hands to man the ships though they knew the horrors of an enemy attack at sea. They took troops to the scene of battle and sustained them as they fought. Tugs brought over the sections of the Mulberry harbours. During the Invasion, between 6th June and 30th August 1944, 180 MN seamen sacrificed their lives whilst many more were lost bringing supplies across the Atlantic. Around 50,000 men manned the 835 ships that carried the troops and over half a million tons of cargo from ports between the Bristol Channel and Thames Estuary. We are proud today to be known as the Fourth

The Merchant Navy Association

Air Vice Marshal Chris Elliot CB CBE DL Controller of the RAF Benevolent Fund.

Captain Ian Hodge M.Mar, MRIN, MNI Chairman, The Merchant Navy Association

never be forgotten.

Service. Their efforts and sacrifices must







Look out over Gold Beach - Follow the story of D-Day
Reflect and remember

THE BRITISH NORMANDY MEMORIAL

13 AVENUE PAUL PORET, 14114 VER SUR MER, NORMANDY

britishnormandymemorial.org





ONCE NAVY ALWAYS NAVY

We are a family...

... of current and former personnel, relatives and supporters of our country's Royal Navy.



The Royal Naval Association is committed to supporting Naval veterans, serving personnel and their families by offering community and guidance on a local, national and international level.

With a team of volunteers and full-time members of staff, we endeavour to help every member of our community when they are in need.

When times are tough, we can help you find the right support services.

We are always grateful for any support and donations we receive to help us continue the work we do to support naval personnel, their families, other naval charities and organisations, as well as our own members. As we do not receive funding direct from the government, we rely on the generosity of the public, our members and sponsors.

Our Corporate Members

We're delighted to introduce you to our Corporate Members whose sponsorship helps us to make a difference to the lives of our members and the Naval Service Family:



Donate Here

www.royal-naval-association.co.uk





STANDING SIDE BY SIDE WITH THE RAF FAMILY FOR OVER 100 YEARS

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CALL 0300 102 1919 rafbf.org/help

✓ EMOTIONAL WELLBEING

✓ FRIENDSHIPS AND CONNECTIONS

✓ FAMILY AND RELATIONSHIPS

✓ INDEPENDENT LIVING

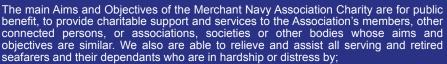
✓ FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE

Merchant Navy Association









- 1. fostering comradeship and consideration to all those in the community of the sea,
- 2. endeavouring to assist members and when appropriate other eligible persons, to find access to information and practical support on such matters as pensions, health, social security, debt management and other subjects affecting their welfare and,
- 3. endeavouring to provide grants to assist members and other eligible persons in financial need for the purchase of goods, services or facilities or, in exceptional circumstances payment of priority debts. This may also be undertaken in partnership with other charitable organisations.

Next year (2024) on the 6th June, sees the Commemoration of the 80th Anniversary of the D-Day landing. The aim of this event is to commemorate and celebrate the many thousands of Servicemen that gave their lives during this important turn in WW II, but NOT forgetting the amazing involvement and the important role the Merchant Navy Seamen that took part too, not knowing if they would return home to their wives and loved ones.

The Merchant Navy Association will be playing an equal role in these commemorations alongside the Royal Naval Association, ABF The Soldiers Charity and the RAF Benevolent Fund.

Your valued support, especially during this Commemorative campaign, will help British merchant seafarers and their families. Please direct your donations, however small to;

The Seafarers' Charity website:

https://www.theseafarerscharity.org/merchant-navy-fund/home

Your generosity will be very much appreciated. Thank You!

https://www.mna.org.uk 49 The Park, Yeovil, Somerset BA20 1DF Registered as a charity in England & Wales no. 1135661



Acknowledgements

Our grateful thanks to

The Caravan and Motor Home Club







































In the UK the red poppy is a symbol of both remembrance and hope for a peaceful future and is worn as a show of support for the Armed Forces community.

In France the bleuet de France is the symbol of memory and solidarity for veterans, victims of war, widows and orphans.



Acknowledgements

Our grateful thanks to























D-Day 80 Anniversary guide to taking part designed by Nick Marshall.



In association with
The Normandy Memorial Trust, The Royal Naval Association, ABF The Soldiers Charity, RAF Benevolent Fund & The Merchant Navy Association













